

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2014

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2014

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA

PRINCIPAL LIST OF OFFICIALS

September 30, 2014

MAYOR

Phillip Gaskin

COMMISSION MEMBERS

Charlie Pettis

Ralph Fisher

Jimmy C. Nunery

Tony Justice

CITY CLERK

Connie Parrish

CITY MANAGER

Donald Minchew

CITY ATTORNEY

S. Russell Scholz

FINANCIAL SECTION



Powell & Jones
Certified Public Accountants

Richard C. Powell, Jr., CPA
Marian Jones Powell, CPA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor
And Members of the City Commission
City of Wewahitchka, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Wewahitchka, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wewahitchka, Florida, as of September 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

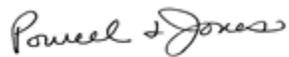
Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Wewahitchka's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 7, 2015, on our consideration of the City of Wewahitchka's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Wewahitchka's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Powell & Jones".

POWELL & JONES
Certified Public Accounts
April 7, 2015

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA
Management's Discussion and Analysis

This discussion and analysis is intended to be an easily readable analysis of the City of Wewahitchka (City) financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. This analysis focuses on current year activities and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements that follow.

Report Layout

The City has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. This statement requires governmental entities to report finances in accordance with specific guidelines. Among those guidelines are the components of this section dealing with management's discussion and analysis. Besides this Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the report consists of government-wide statements, fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and supplementary information. The first several statements are highly condensed and present a government-wide view of the City's finances. Within this view, all City operations are categorized and reported as either governmental or business-type activities. Governmental activities include basic services such as protective inspections, fire control, public works, parks and recreation, and general governmental administration. The City's utility and cemetery services are reported as business-type activities. These government-wide statements are designed to be secondary more corporate-like in that all activities are consolidated into a total for the City.

Basic Financial Statements

- The Statement of Net Position focuses on resources available for future operations. In simple terms, this statement presents a snap-shot view of the assets the City owns, the liabilities it owes and the net difference. The net difference is further separated into amounts restricted for specific purposes and unrestricted amounts. For the first time, governmental activities reflect capital assets including infrastructure and long-term liabilities. Business-type activities have long been reported capital assets and long-term liabilities. Also, for the first time, governmental activities are reported on the accrual basis of accounting.
- The Statement of Activities focuses gross and net costs of the City's programs and the extent to which such programs rely upon general tax and other revenues. This statement summarizes and simplifies the user's analysis to determine the extent to which programs are self-supporting and/or subsidized by general revenues.
- Fund financial statements focus separately on governmental and proprietary funds. Governmental fund statements follow the more traditional presentation of financial statements. The City has one major governmental fund. A budgetary comparison is presented for this fund. Statements for the City's proprietary funds follow the governmental fund statements and include net position, revenue, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows.
- The notes to the financial statements provide additional disclosures required by governmental accounting standards and provide information to assist the reader in understanding the City's financial condition.

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements and to explain the significant changes in financial position and differences in operation between the current and prior years.

City as a Whole

Government-wide Financial Statements

A condensed version of the Statement of Net Position at September 30, 2014, follows:

Net Position at September 30, 2014 and 2013

	Governmental	Business-type	Total Government	
	Activities	Activities	2014	2013
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,351,531	\$ 98,473	\$ 1,450,004	\$ 1,493,067
Restricted assets	-	428,909	428,909	368,600
Other assets	89,862	75,267	165,129	18,910
Capital assets	1,501,744	8,656,533	10,158,277	8,218,713
Total assets	<u>2,943,137</u>	<u>9,259,182</u>	<u>12,202,319</u>	<u>10,099,290</u>
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	59,882	1,930,546	1,990,428	458,497
Long-term liabilities	128,762	1,980,101	2,108,863	1,998,080
Total liabilities	<u>188,644</u>	<u>3,910,647</u>	<u>4,099,291</u>	<u>2,456,577</u>
Net position				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,346,444	4,951,630	6,298,074	6,131,530
Restricted for:				
Debt service	-	202,585	202,585	165,179
Renewal and replacement	-	66,528	66,528	75,068
Construction projects	-	-	-	53
Customer deposits	-	67,058	67,058	11,661
City Hall restoration	120,414	-	120,414	90,317
Unrestricted	1,287,635	60,734	1,348,369	1,168,905
Total net position	<u>\$ 2,754,493</u>	<u>\$ 5,348,535</u>	<u>\$ 8,103,028</u>	<u>\$ 7,642,713</u>

78% of the City's net position reflect its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted assets of \$456,585 consist of earmarked funds for construction in the utility fund, restoration of City Hall, debt service and customer deposits. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$1,348,370 may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The City's net position increased by \$460,315 or 6% over the year. This includes a prior period adjustment of \$370,799 increasing net position related to capital assets.

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position. The increase in governmental and business-type net position is due primarily to the ability of these operations to fully fund depreciation.

A condensed version of the Statement of Activities follows:

Change in Net Position
For the Fiscal year ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

	Governmental	Business-type	Total Government	
	Activities	Activities	2014	2013
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 18,162	\$ 735,936	\$ 754,098	\$ 770,265
Grants and contributions	4,856	-	4,856	501,837
General revenues				
Taxes	327,966	-	327,966	374,549
Other taxes	311,558	-	311,558	303,038
Intergovernmental	422,206	-	422,206	268,646
Licenses, permits	10,751	-	10,751	10,087
Interest and other	9,561	6,711	16,272	14,579
Total revenues	<u>1,105,060</u>	<u>742,647</u>	<u>1,847,707</u>	<u>2,243,001</u>
Expenses				
General government	317,838	-	317,838	300,308
Public safety	55,495	-	55,495	75,204
Transportation	351,135	-	351,135	345,429
Health	18,802	-	18,802	14,358
Culture/recreation	87,149	-	87,149	83,486
Cemetery	-	8,562	8,562	7,843
Utility	-	838,879	838,879	737,354
Interest on long-term debt	3,952	76,379	80,331	65,448
Total expenses	<u>834,371</u>	<u>923,820</u>	<u>1,758,191</u>	<u>1,629,430</u>
Change in net position	270,689	(181,173)	89,516	613,571
Beginning net position	2,113,005	5,529,708	7,642,713	7,029,142
Prior period adjustment	370,799	-	370,799	-
Ending net position	<u><u>\$2,754,493</u></u>	<u><u>\$5,348,535</u></u>	<u><u>\$8,103,028</u></u>	<u><u>\$7,642,713</u></u>

Governmental activities:

Taxes provide 58% of the revenues for Governmental Activities, while state shared revenues provide 38%. Most of the Governmental Activities resources are spent for General Government (38%), Transportation (42%), and Culture/Recreation (10%).

Business-type activities:

Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$181,173. Key elements of this decrease is as follows:

- Depreciation and amortization expense during the year totaled \$239,668.

The City operated within its budgetary and revenue limits for both the City as a whole, as well as for its separate business-type activities.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2014, the City had approximately \$10.1 million invested in capital assets, including fire equipment, park and recreation facilities, buildings, and water facilities.

Capital Assets at September 30, 2014 and 2013

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total Government	
			2014	2013
Land	\$ 587,936	\$ 73,504	\$ 661,440	\$ 255,641
Buildings and improvements	809,159	-	809,159	809,159
Construction in progress	-	-	-	1,695,353
Property, plant and equipment	1,382,619	12,048,904	13,431,523	10,089,062
Subtotal	2,779,714	12,122,408	14,902,122	12,849,215
Accumulated depreciation	(1,277,970)	(3,465,875)	(4,743,845)	(4,630,502)
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,501,744</u>	<u>\$ 8,656,533</u>	<u>\$10,158,277</u>	<u>\$ 8,218,713</u>

Debt Outstanding

At year-end, the City had \$3,902,727 in debt outstanding versus \$2,077,650 last year, an increase of \$1,825,107.

Debt Outstanding at September 30, 2014 and 2013

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total Government	
			2014	2013
Debt outstanding	<u>\$ 175,207</u>	<u>\$3,727,520</u>	<u>\$3,902,727</u>	<u>\$2,077,650</u>

More detailed information on the City long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Economic Factors and Rates

- The estimated unemployment rate for Gulf County was 6.0%, which is the approximate rate for the City.
- The estimated population for the City in 2014 was 1,962 and is estimated to be approximately the same in 2015.
- The City's ad valorem tax rate for 2014 was 6.0 mills, which was the same and the prior year.

City Highlights

- Continuation of the 6.0 millage rate, the same as the past several years, is expected to be sufficient at this time based on the reserves on hand. Commissioners realize that with the poor economic situation, and with many of the area residents unemployed, raising the ad valorem taxes would be an unnecessary hardship on them. There continues to be some new construction and several property improvements that will add to the ad valorem tax base. The Commissioners were able to produce a balanced budget even with decreased revenues for 2013-2014.
- The City's tap records reflect 9 new residential construction starts or mobile home installations for this fiscal year and 1 commercial start; city records also show other construction/improvements in the form of 15 site plans and 3 culvert set.
- The Florida State Revolving Fund Loan through the Florida Department of Environmental Protection approved a grant/loan to upgrade and expand the existing wastewater treatment facility. The final cost of this is \$2,114,411. Construction by Marshall Brothers Industrial started in May 2013 and was completed August 2014.
- Rates for water and sewer services were increased in November/December 2008 to cover the growing need of repair and replacement of water and sewer equipment and systems since the largest percentage of the previous systems were installed in 1974 and 1993. Also increased state and federal regulations require additional employee education as well as upgrades in monitoring equipment. No additional increases have been implemented since 2008 and none are planned until the water and sewer projects in process presently are completed.
- The Commissioners authorized the acceptance of credit card payments primarily for utility services effective November 2008 (other city services, permits and licenses may also be paid by credit card). This, together with larger service deposits implemented in 2005, has significantly reduced the amount of bad debts that become uncollectible and have to be written off each year. In addition, the commission has taken a strong stand on disconnecting delinquent accounts and staff maintains a bad debt list that must be paid before any new service is activated. Bad debts are also referred to the local credit bureau for collection. All this, of course, results in a better financial position for the city.

- The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) contacted the City in December 2010 regarding the fuel depot purchased from the County with the Annex property as there was apparently a seepage of fuel from the depot in 1991 . DEP has funds available to handle the additional clean-up required and bids were received from several contractors approved by DEP for this purpose. The City awarded the bid and clean-up contract to CDG Engineers & Associates, Inc. (Dothan, AL) in Mar/Apr 2011 at no cost to the City as CDG felt the clean-up can be done within the fund allowance of DEP. CDG Engineers & Associates, Inc. has continued working with DEP to monitor, track and remove any contamination.

In a letter to the City dated March 5, 2014, CDG advised that DEP concurred with their recommendation for the site to be placed under one year of Post Active Remediation monitoring from December 2013 to December 2014 hoping to obtain a “no further action” status for the clean-up.

Per a letter from DEP dated August 18, 2014, and confirmed by an email dated February 9, 2015, between Malinda Pollock of CDG Engineers and Nick Contos of DEP, this project is still on hold waiting for DEP to determine the course of action to be taken in light of 2014 legislation.

- The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) issued a Consent Order on the City’s wastewater treatment facility because of difficulties with the sludge analysis and levels of various chemicals. The City has been working with the engineers of Preble Rish Inc to correct the perceived problems and has progressed substantially with the improvements necessary. DEP requirements have been addressed and the fine has been paid in the amount of \$23,291 (2008-2009 FY). The initial fine had been \$72,000 and was reduced by the timely corrective efforts of city staff, city attorney and city engineers.

The wastewater facility upgrades in process as listed above will also alleviate future potential problems with the existing facility. Construction started on the new wastewater facility was started in May 2013 and completed in 2014. The City expects the Consent Order to be satisfied when the new facility comes on line.

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection issued a letter dated January 27, 2015, stating that all corrective actions required by the Consent Order have been completed and they closed this enforcement case file on December 22, 2014.

- Buckhorn Cemetery, 20 acres owned by the City and located north of the City limits continues to have lot sales generating income for the cemetery upkeep. The City accepted the maintenance of Jehu Cemetery from a private corporation, located on Jehu Road just within City limits on the north end of town, several years ago and continues to receive a small annual fee from various lot owners for the continued upkeep of the cemetery grounds. Only a few lots at Jehu are owned by the City and which are only available to the indigent.
- Florida Fish & Wildlife Conservation Commission under the Florida Boating Improvement Program approved a grant to build a boat ramp at Lake Alice Park, a freshwater lake inside the City limits. The boat ramp area is named “Preacher Glass Park & Boat Ramp” in honor of City Chief of Police Jonathan H. “Preacher” Glass who served from 1969 to 1985. The lake itself has been used by many area children and teenagers to learn to swim, water ski and/or operate a boat. Construction contract was awarded to IC Contractors (Panama City, Florida) and started August 2013 and was completed in July 2014.

The major capital projects completed during the current fiscal year were the upgrade of the sewer plant and the construction of the Preach Glass boat ramp.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates.

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when adopting the fiscal year end 2014 budget. The budget emphasis continues to be the maintenance of the City's water/sewer services. These actions are planned in order to better serve our citizens as well as increase the revenue participation from the water/sewer system so that the City can hold any rate increases to a minimum. To fund these services, the City last increased the utility rates in November 2008.

The City received the renewal of its Consumptive Use Permit #19840045 from Northwest Florida Water Management District in May 2005 which expires in June 2015. The City also received the renewal of its Domestic Wastewater Facility Permit effective December 2014 to 2019. At the present time, revenues from the water/sewer systems are sufficient to operate the systems without consideration of additional rate adjustments.

There are no ad valorem millage increases contemplated for fiscal year 2014-2015 due to continued new construction and property improvements within city limits that continue to add to the existing tax base and the fact that city officials balanced a very tight budget within the prevailing poor economic conditions.

Water Capacity Facilities Charges were passed in October 2007 which would affect new construction after January 1, 2008, to generate additional water/sewer income to fund the construction of water treatment and distribution systems for the increased usage by the new developments and annexations as Commissioners did not feel it was fair for existing customers to have to pay for the construction of facilities for service provided new customers. These charges have been placed on hold for the time being because of economic conditions curtailing the development of new subdivisions and the fact that home owners are improving existing property rather than constructing new homes.

Requests for Information

A City website is available which includes the current financial audits as well as proposed budgets, various ordinances, and other information regarding the City of Wewahitchka. The Internet address is www.CityofWewahitchka.com.

Requests for information by postal mail should be addressed to PO Box 966, Wewahitchka, FL 32465.

Email requests can be directed to the City Manager at citywewa@fairpoint.net or the City Clerk at connieparrish@fairpoint.net

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
September 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities	Business - type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash	\$ 1,351,531	\$ 98,473	\$ 1,450,004
Accounts receivable, net	42,905	54,930	97,835
Due from other governmental units	46,957	-	46,957
Due from other funds	-	2,000	2,000
Total current assets	1,441,393	155,403	1,596,796
Restricted assets:			
Bond interest and sinking	-	228,266	228,266
Renewal and replacement	-	66,528	66,528
Customer deposits	-	134,115	134,115
Total restricted assets	-	428,909	428,909
Non-current assets:			
Other assets	-	18,337	18,337
Capital assets, net	1,501,744	8,656,533	10,158,277
Total non-current assets	1,501,744	8,674,870	10,176,614
Total assets	2,943,137	9,259,182	12,202,319
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):			
Accounts payable	11,437	34,923	46,360
Due to other funds	2,000	-	2,000
Compensated absences	7,963	9,047	17,010
Notes payable, current	38,482	-	38,482
Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	59,882	43,970	103,852
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):			
Notes payable, current portion	-	1,667,372	1,667,372
Accrued interest payable	-	25,681	25,681
Customer deposits	-	122,523	122,523
Bond payable, current	-	20,000	20,000
Bond payable, matured	-	51,000	51,000
Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	-	1,886,576	1,886,576
Total current liabilities	59,882	1,930,546	1,990,428
Long-term liabilities			
Accrued compensated absences	11,944	13,570	25,514
Notes payable, less current portion	116,818	781,551	898,369
Bond payable	-	1,184,980	1,184,980
Total long-term liabilities	128,762	1,980,101	2,108,863
Total liabilities	188,644	3,910,647	4,099,291

(continued)

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
September 30, 2014

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business - type Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
NET POSITION			
Invested in long-term assets, net of related debt	\$ 1,346,444	\$ 4,951,630	\$ 6,298,074
Restricted for:			
Debt service	-	202,585	202,585
Renewal and replacement	-	66,528	66,528
Customer deposits	-	67,058	67,058
City Hall restoration	120,414	-	120,414
Unrestricted	<u>1,287,635</u>	<u>60,734</u>	<u>1,348,369</u>
Total net position	<u><u>\$ 2,754,493</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 5,348,535</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 8,103,028</u></u>

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2014

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 317,838	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (317,838)	\$ -	\$ (317,838)
Public safety	55,495	-	-	-	(55,495)	-	(55,495)
Transportation	351,135	18,162	-	-	(332,973)	-	(332,973)
Culture and recreation	87,149	-	-	4,856	(82,293)	-	(82,293)
Health and welfare	18,802	-	-	-	(18,802)	-	(18,802)
Interest expense	3,952	-	-	-	(3,952)	-	(3,952)
Total governmental activities	834,371	18,162	-	4,856	(811,353)	-	(811,353)
Business-type activities							
Utility services	838,879	728,436	-	-	-	(110,443)	(110,443)
Cemetery services	8,562	7,500	-	-	-	(1,062)	(1,062)
Interest in long-term debt	76,379	-	-	-	-	(76,379)	(76,379)
Total business-type activities	923,820	735,936	-	-	-	(187,884)	(187,884)
Total government	\$ 1,758,191	\$ 754,098	\$ -	\$ 4,856	(811,353)	(187,884)	(999,237)
			General revenues				
			Property taxes		327,966	-	327,966
			Other taxes		311,558	-	311,558
			Intergovernmental		422,206	-	422,206
			Licenses and permits		10,751	-	10,751
			Interest		1,967	659	2,626
			Other fees and miscellaneous		7,594	6,052	13,646
			Total general revenues		1,082,042	6,711	1,088,753
			Change in net position		270,689	(181,173)	89,516
			Net position - beginning		2,113,005	5,529,708	7,642,713
			Prior period adjustment		370,799	-	370,799
			Net position - ending		\$ 2,754,493	\$ 5,348,535	\$ 8,103,028

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA

GOVERNMENTAL FUND

BALANCE SHEET

September 30, 2014

	<u>General Fund</u>
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 1,351,531
Accounts receivable	42,905
Due from other governmental units	46,957
Total assets	<u>1,441,393</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	11,437
Due to other funds	2,000
Total liabilities	<u>13,437</u>
FUND BALANCES	
Committed - City Hall restoration	120,414
Unassigned	1,307,542
Total fund balances	<u>1,427,956</u>
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	1,501,744
Long-term liabilities are not due in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds	(175,207)
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 2,754,493</u>

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA

GOVERNMENTAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2014

	<u>General Fund</u>
REVENUES	
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$ 327,966
Other taxes	311,558
Intergovernmental	422,206
Licenses and permits	10,751
Charges for service	18,162
Interest	1,967
Other fees and miscellaneous	7,594
Total revenues	<u>1,100,204</u>
EXPENDITURES	
Current	
General government	302,328
Public safety	55,324
Transportation	339,048
Culture and recreation	54,723
Health and welfare	18,802
Capital outlay	
Transportation	26,402
Culture and recreation	163,911
Debt service	
Principal	30,763
Interest	3,952
Total expenditures	<u>995,253</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	104,951
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Debt proceeds	61,498
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>61,498</u>
Net change in fund balance	166,449
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,261,507
Fund balance at end of year	<u><u>\$ 1,427,956</u></u>

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA

**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2014

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds		\$	166,449
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Expenditures for capital assets	\$	190,313	
Less current year depreciation		<u>(59,508)</u>	
			130,805
Governmental funds do not report in-kind contributions related to capital expenditures, however, the cost of those contributions is reported as capital contributions in the statement of net position.			
Capital contributions			4,856
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Increase in compensated absences			(686)
In the governmental funds, increases and decreases of long-term liabilities are recorded as revenue and expenditures, but in the statement of net position they increase and decrease long-term liabilities.			
Principal payments		30,763	
Loan proceeds		<u>(61,498)</u>	<u>(30,735)</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities			<u>\$ 270,689</u>

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Utilities Fund	Cemetery Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash	\$ 41,211	\$ 57,262	\$ 98,473
Accounts receivable, net	54,730	200	54,930
Due from other funds	2,000	-	2,000
Total current assets	<u>97,941</u>	<u>57,462</u>	<u>155,403</u>
Restricted cash and cash equivalents			
Bond interest and sinking	228,266	-	228,266
Renewal and replacement	66,528	-	66,528
Customer deposits	134,115	-	134,115
Total restricted cash and cash equivalents	<u>428,909</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>428,909</u>
Noncurrent assets			
Other assets	18,337	-	18,337
Fixed assets			
Land	15,675	57,829	73,504
Property, plant and equipment	12,037,832	11,072	12,048,904
Allowance for depreciation	(3,457,980)	(7,895)	(3,465,875)
Total fixed assets	<u>8,595,527</u>	<u>61,006</u>	<u>8,656,533</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>8,613,864</u>	<u>61,006</u>	<u>8,674,870</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 9,140,714</u>	<u>\$ 118,468</u>	<u>\$ 9,259,182</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 34,923	\$ -	\$ 34,923
Compensated absences	9,047	-	9,047
Note payable, current portion	1,667,372	-	1,667,372
Accrued interest payable	25,681	-	25,681
Customer deposits	122,523	-	122,523
Bond payable, current	20,000	-	20,000
Bond payable, matured	51,000	-	51,000
Total current liabilities	<u>1,930,546</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,930,546</u>
Long-term liabilities			
Accrued compensated absences	13,570	-	13,570
Note payable, less current portion	781,551	-	781,551
Bond payable	1,184,980	-	1,184,980
Total long-term liabilities	<u>1,980,101</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,980,101</u>
Total liabilities	<u>3,910,647</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,910,647</u>

(continued)

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Utilities Fund	Cemetery Fund	Total
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 4,890,624	\$ 61,006	\$ 4,951,630
Restricted for:			
Debt service	202,585	-	202,585
Renewal and replacement	66,528	-	66,528
Customer deposits	67,058	-	67,058
Unrestricted	3,272	57,462	60,734
Total net position	<u>5,230,067</u>	<u>118,468</u>	<u>5,348,535</u>
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$ 9,140,714</u>	<u>\$ 118,468</u>	<u>\$ 9,259,182</u>

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA
PROPRIETARY FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Utilities Fund	Cemetery Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Water sales	\$ 290,473	\$ -	\$ 290,473
Sewer fees	264,954	-	264,954
Garbage fees	173,009	-	173,009
Lot sales	-	7,500	7,500
Miscellaneous income	5,452	600	6,052
Total operating revenues	733,888	8,100	741,988
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel services	202,884	-	202,884
Operating expenses	241,347	7,247	248,594
Contractual expense, garbage	156,295	-	156,295
Depreciation and amortization	238,353	1,315	239,668
Total operating expenses	838,879	8,562	847,441
Total operating loss	(104,991)	(462)	(105,453)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest earnings	572	87	659
Interest expense	(76,379)	-	(76,379)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(75,807)	87	(75,719)
Change in net position	(180,798)	(375)	(181,173)
Net position, beginning of year	5,410,865	118,843	5,529,708
Net position, end of year	\$ 5,230,067	\$ 118,468	\$ 5,348,535

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA

**PROPRIETARY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Utilities Fund	Cemetery Fund	Total
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from customers, including cash deposits	\$ 737,999	\$ 8,100	\$ 746,099
Cash paid to suppliers	(528,387)	(10,995)	(539,382)
Cash paid to employees	(202,515)	-	(202,515)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>7,097</u>	<u>(2,895)</u>	<u>4,202</u>
 Cash flows from non-capital related financing activities:			
Transfers to other funds	(2,198)	-	(2,198)
Transfers from other funds	-	22	22
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital related financing activities	<u>(2,198)</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>(2,176)</u>
 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Principal payments	1,742,286	-	1,742,286
Interest payments	(73,192)	-	(73,192)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,672,199)	-	(1,672,199)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	<u>(3,105)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,105)</u>
 Cash flows from investing activities:			
Investment income	572	87	659
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>572</u>	<u>87</u>	<u>659</u>
 Net increase (decrease) in cash	2,366	(2,786)	(420)
 Cash, at beginning of year	<u>467,754</u>	<u>60,048</u>	<u>527,802</u>
 Cash, at end of year	<u>\$ 470,120</u>	<u>\$ 57,262</u>	<u>\$ 527,382</u>

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

**RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH
PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2014

	<u>Utilities Fund</u>	<u>Cemetery Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Operating loss	<u>\$ (104,991)</u>	<u>\$ (462)</u>	<u>\$ (105,453)</u>
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	238,353	1,315	239,668
Changes in assets decrease (increase) and liabilities (decrease) increase:			
Accounts receivable, net	(1,773)	-	(1,773)
Accounts payable	(130,745)	(3,748)	(134,493)
Compensated absences	369	-	369
Customer deposits	5,884	-	5,884
Total adjustments	<u>112,088</u>	<u>(2,433)</u>	<u>109,655</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$ 7,097</u>	<u>\$ (2,895)</u>	<u>\$ 4,202</u>

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2014

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Wewahitchka (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued after November 30, 1989, are not applied in the preparation of the financial statements of the proprietary fund type in accordance with GASB Statement 20. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

In June, 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement 34-Basic Financial Statement and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. As provided by GASB 34, the City has elected not to report retroactive infrastructure improvements in its financial statements due to the fact that its annual revenues are less than ten million. The City has implemented all other applicable provisions of this Statement.

A. Reporting Entity - The City of Wewahitchka, Florida is a municipality created and derives its powers pursuant to Chapter 63-1429, *Acts of 1963 - Laws of Florida*. It is governed by a Mayor and a four member City Commission, all of whom are individually elected.

In evaluating how to define the City, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, management determined that the following component unit existed which should be included within the reporting entity.

City of Wewahitchka Community Volunteer Fire Department - The Wewahitchka Volunteer Fire Department is considered a component unit of the City. However, its operation and assets are not material to the City's financial statements. Accordingly, the Volunteer Fire Department's operations and financial position are not included in the City's financial statements.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - The basic financial statements of the City are comprised of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from any legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and agency fund financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement 33 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

Program revenues include charges for services, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. As applicable, the City also chooses to eliminate the indirect costs between governmental activities to avoid the "doubling up" effect.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the City's governmental and proprietary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually, and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Franchise fees, licenses, sales taxes, gas taxes, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the City.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenue and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Any non-current portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus.

As applicable, non-current portions of other long-term receivables are offset by fund balance reserve accounts. Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types exclude amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as another financing source rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary Funds – The City's Utilities and Cemetery Funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods and services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. The City applies all GASB pronouncements as well as all FASB Statements and Interpretations, APB Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins, issued on or before November 30, 1989, which do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Proprietary fund operation revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as grants, subsidies, taxes, and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of the related liabilities, rather than as an expense.

C. Basis of Accounting – GASB Statement 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures, expenses of either fund category and the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The City has used GASB 34 minimum criteria for major fund determination. The City has three major funds as follows:

1. Governmental Major Funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Proprietary Major Funds:

Utilities Fund – The Utilities Fund accounts for the revenues, expenses, assets, and liabilities associated with the City operated water, waste water, and sanitation services.

Cemetery Fund – The Cemetery Fund accounts for the revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities association with the City owned and maintained cemetery.

3. Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities:

GASB Statement 34 requires non-current governmental assets, such as land and building, and noncurrent governmental liabilities, such as general obligation bonds and capital leases, be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide statement of net position.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Investments – Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term money market investment accounts. Investments, consisting of certificates of deposit, are stated at cost which approximates market value. All such deposits and investments are insured and collateralized as required by state law.

2. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - As applicable year-to-year, the City provides an allowance for Enterprise Fund accounts receivable that may become uncollectible. At September 30, 2014, there was an allowance for doubtful accounts for utility billings of \$5,000.

3. Receivables and Payables – Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as “due to/from other funds.” Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as “internal balances.”

4. **Encumbrances** – Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not utilized by the City.
5. **Capital Assets** - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Except for roads and bridges constructed prior to October 1, 1981, assets are recorded at historical cost. Roads and bridges constructed prior to October 1, 1981, are generally not reported. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donations.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Certain interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City, as well as of component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Building and improvements	20 - 40
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10
Street and related infrastructure	20 - 40

6. **Bond Issuance Costs** – In the proprietary funds, bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method.
7. **Deferred Revenues** - Deferred revenues reported in government-wide financial statements represent unearned revenues. The deferred revenues will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are earned in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. Deferred revenues reported in governmental fund financial statements represent unearned revenues which are measurable but not available and, in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, are reported as deferred revenues. The City had no deferred revenues at year end.
8. **Accrued Compensated Absences** – The City maintains a policy that permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits that will be paid to employees upon separation from City service if certain criteria are met. Those benefits, plus their related tax and retirement costs are classified as compensated absences. Employees may be paid for unused vacation hours accrued up to 300 hours. Payment of unused sick leave, upon termination, is also provided for 25% of balance for those employed between one and five years. For those employed for more than five years, they may be paid 50% of unused sick leave. Sick leave has no maximum accumulation threshold.

Both the current and long-term portion of compensated absences are accrued and reported in the government-wide financial statements. No expenditure is reported in the government fund level statements for these amounts until payment is made. Proprietary Fund types accrue vacation and sick leave in the period they are earned. Compensated absences liability is based on current rates of pay. This is accounted for pursuant to GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences".

9. **Cash Equivalents** – The City’s cash at September 30, 2014, consists of legally authorized deposits in institutions which are certified as Qualified Public Depositories under the Florida public Deposits Act. Therefore, the City’s cash at September 30, 2014, is insured through the Bureau of Collateral Securities, Division of Treasury, State Department of Insurance. At year end the City’s cash totaled \$1,892,812, and consisted of checking accounts, certificates of deposit, and money market accounts in a local bank.
10. **Prepaid Items** – As applicable year to year, significant payments made to vendors for goods or services that will benefit periods beyond September 30, 2014, are recorded as prepaid items.
11. **Bond Discounts and Issue Costs** – In the Proprietary Fund, bond discounts, premiums, and issue costs are amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method which, for the bond discounts and premiums, is not materially different than the effective interest method. Unamortized bond discounts and premiums are presented in the financial statements as reductions/additions in bond payable and unamortized bond issue costs as deferred charges.
12. **Short-term Interfund Receivable/Payables** - During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as “due from other funds” or “due to other funds” on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as “interfund receivables/payables.”
13. **Inventories** - The costs of governmental and enterprise fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. The actual amounts of any inventory type goods on hand at year end would not be material.
14. **Fund Balances/Net Position**

A. Governmental Funds

As of September 30, 2014, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Non-spendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purpose because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Commission. The City

Commission is the highest level of decision making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the City Commission.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the City’s general policy, only the City Commission may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

As of September 30, 2014, fund balances are composed of the following:

	<u>General Fund</u>
Committed, City Hall restoration	\$ 120,414
Unassigned	<u>1,307,542</u>
	<u>\$ 1,427,956</u>

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes to which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considered restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City Commission has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

B. Proprietary Funds

Restrictions of equity show amounts that are not appropriated for expenditures or are legally restricted for specific uses.

As of September 30, 2014, net position are composed of the following:

	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Invested in capital assets, net		\$4,951,630
Restricted for:	Debt service	202,585
	Renewal and replacement	66,528
	Customer deposits	67,058
Unrestricted		<u>60,734</u>
		<u>\$5,348,535</u>

- 15. Proprietary Activity Accounting and Financial Reporting** - The City applies all applicable Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 10, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB’s).

- 16. Interfund Transactions** - Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

- 17. Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

“Total fund balances” of the City’s governmental funds \$1,427,956 differs from “net position” of governmental activities \$2,754,493 reported in the statement of net position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds balance sheet.

Capital related items

When capital assets (property, plant, equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of these assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position included those capital assets among the assets of the City as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$2,779,714
Accumulated depreciation	(1,277,970)
Total	<u>\$1,501,744</u>

Long-term debt transactions

Long-term liabilities to the City’s governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at September 30, 2014 were:

Compensated absences	\$ (19,907)
Note payable	(155,300)
	<u>\$(175,207)</u>

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Differences Between the Government Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

	Total Governmental Funds	Capital Related Items	Long - Term Debt Transactions	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 1,351,531	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,351,531
Accounts receivable	42,905	-	-	42,905
Due from other governmental units	46,957	-	-	46,957
Capital asset - net	-	1,501,744	-	1,501,744
Total assets	\$ 1,441,393	\$ 1,501,744	\$ -	\$ 2,943,137
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 11,437	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,437
Due to other funds	2,000	-	-	2,000
Compensated absences	-	-	19,907	19,907
Notes payable	-	-	155,300	155,300
Total liabilities	13,437	-	175,207	188,644
 Fund balance/net position	 1,427,956	 1,501,744	 (175,207)	 2,754,493
 Total liabilities and fund balances/net position	 \$ 1,441,393	 \$ 1,501,744	 \$ -	 \$ 2,943,137

B. Explanation of Differences Between Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The “net change in fund balances” for governmental funds \$166,449 differs from the “change in net position” for government activities \$270,689 reported in the statement of activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the statement of activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital related items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decrease by the amount of depreciation expense charges for the year.

Capital outlay	\$ 190,313
Depreciation expense	(59,508)
Total	<u>\$ 130,805</u>

When capital assets that are used in governmental activities are contributed, the contribution for those assets are not reported in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, capital contributions are reported as “other financing sources”.

Capital contributions	<u>\$ 4,856</u>
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Compensated absences

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, do not result in an expense in Governmental Funds.

Net increase in compensated absences	<u>\$ (686)</u>
--------------------------------------	-----------------

Long-term debt transactions

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of debt principal is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds and, thus, have the effect of reducing fund balance because current financial resources have been used. However, the principal payments reduce the liabilities in the statement of net position and do not result in an expense in the statement of activities.

Loan proceeds	\$ (61,498)
Debt principal payments made	30,763
	<u>\$ (30,735)</u>

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. Explanation of Differences Between Government Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

	Total Governmental Funds	Capital Related Items	Long-Term Debt Transactions	Statement of Activities
REVENUES				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$ 327,966	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 327,966
Other taxes	311,558	-	-	311,558
Intergovernmental	422,206	-	-	422,206
Licenses and permits	10,751	-	-	10,751
Charges for service	18,162	-	-	18,162
Interest	1,967	-	-	1,967
Other fees and miscellaneous	7,594	-	-	7,594
Total revenues	1,100,204	-	-	1,100,204
EXPENDITURES				
Current expenditures				
General government	302,328	15,270	240	317,838
Public safety	55,324	171	-	55,495
Transportation	339,048	11,641	446	351,135
Culture and recreation	54,723	32,426	-	87,149
Health and welfare	18,802	-	-	18,802
Capital outlay				
Transportation	26,402	(26,402)	-	-
Culture and recreation	163,911	(163,911)	-	-
Debt service				
Principal	30,763	-	(30,763)	-
Interest	3,952	-	-	3,952
Total expenditures	995,253	(130,805)	(30,077)	834,371
Excess of revenues over expenditures	104,951	130,805	30,077	265,833
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Capital contributions	-	4,856	-	4,856
Debt proceeds	61,498	-	(61,498)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	61,498	4,856	(61,498)	4,856
Net change in fund balance	166,449	135,661	(31,421)	270,689
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,261,507	995,284	(143,786)	2,113,005
Prior period adjustment	-	370,799	-	370,799
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,427,956	\$ 1,501,744	\$ (175,207)	\$ 2,754,493

NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE–BUDGETS

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to September 1, the City Commission develops a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
3. Prior to September 30, the budget is legally enacted by the City Commission through passage of an ordinance.
4. Any revision that alters the total expenditures of any fund or transfers budgeted amounts between departments within any fund must be approved by the City Commission.
5. Budgets for all City funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Commission. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended.
6. The following is a comparison of the appropriations to total expenditures for the general fund for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014:

	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	<u>Negative Variance</u>
Primary government			
General fund:	\$ 906,571	\$ 995,253	\$ (88,682)

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and any funds on hand at year end. Investments, consisting of a savings account or certificates of deposit, are stated at cost which approximates market value. Both of these accounts are secured as required by state law.

NOTE 5. PROPERTY TAX REVENUES

Taxable values for all property are established as of January 1, which is the date of lien, for the fiscal year starting October 1. Property tax revenues recognized for the 2013-2014 fiscal year were levied in October 2013. All taxes are due and payable on November 1 or as soon as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the Tax Collector. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in November, 3% in December, 2% in January, and 1% in February. Taxes paid in March are without discount. All unpaid taxes become delinquent as of April 1. Virtually all unpaid taxes are collected via the sale of tax certificates on or prior to June 1; therefore, there were no material taxes receivable at fiscal year end.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions/ Reclassifications	Adjustments	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets:					
Land	\$ 182,137	\$ 35,000	\$ -	\$ 370,799	\$ 587,936
Buildings and improvements	809,159	-	-	-	809,159
Construction in progress	13,826	-	(13,826)	-	-
Improvements other than buildings	606,667	147,593	-	-	754,260
Furniture and equipment	652,903	26,402	(50,946)	-	628,359
Total capital assets	<u>2,264,692</u>	<u>208,995</u>	<u>(64,772)</u>	<u>370,799</u>	<u>2,779,714</u>
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	(261,229)	(19,138)	-	-	(280,367)
Improvements other than buildings	(386,975)	(25,093)	-	-	(412,068)
Furniture and equipment	(621,204)	(15,277)	50,946	-	(585,535)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,269,408)</u>	<u>(59,508)</u>	<u>50,946</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,277,970)</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 995,284</u>	<u>\$ 149,487</u>	<u>\$ (13,826)</u>	<u>\$ 370,799</u>	<u>\$ 1,501,744</u>
Business-type activities:					
Land	\$ 73,504	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ 73,504
Construction in progress	1,681,527	-	(1,681,527)	-	-
Property, plant and equipment	8,829,492	3,353,726	(134,315)	-	12,048,903
Total capital assets	<u>10,584,523</u>	<u>3,353,726</u>	<u>(1,815,842)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>12,122,407</u>
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(3,361,094)</u>	<u>(239,095)</u>	<u>134,315</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,465,874)</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$7,223,429</u>	<u>\$ 3,114,631</u>	<u>\$ (1,681,527)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,656,533</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 15,270
Public safety	171
Transportation	11,641
Culture/recreation	32,426
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$ 59,508</u>
Business -type activities:	
Utilities	\$ 237,780
Cemetery	1,315
	<u>\$ 239,095</u>

NOTE 7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2014.

Fund	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
General	\$ -	\$ 2,000
Utilities	2,000	-
	<u>\$ 2,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,000</u>

NOTE 8. RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES

Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2014, were as follows:

	Accounts	Due from Other Governmental Units	Total Receivables
Governmental activities:			
General	\$ 42,905	\$ 46,957	\$ 89,862
Business-type activities:			
Utilities	54,730	-	54,730
Cemetery	200	-	200
	<u>\$ 97,835</u>	<u>\$ 46,957</u>	<u>\$ 144,792</u>

Payables

Payables at September 30, 2014, were as follows:

	Vendors
Governmental activities:	
General	\$ 11,437
Business-type activities:	
Utilities	34,923
Cemetery	-
	<u>\$ 46,360</u>

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

Governmental Activities

A summary of all long-term debt associated with governmental activities of the City as of September 30, 2014, follows:

Summary of Changes in Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities

The following summarized the changes in the City's governmental long-term liabilities during the period ended September 30, 2014.

	Balance October 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Balance September 30, 2014	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 19,220	\$ 26,790	\$ (26,103)	\$ 19,907	\$ 7,963
Centennial Bank, property	124,566	-	(24,978)	99,588	25,024
Centennial Bank, Lake Alice	-	35,000	(2,068)	32,932	8,487
Centennial Bank, van	-	26,498	(3,718)	22,780	4,971
	<u>\$ 143,786</u>	<u>\$ 88,288</u>	<u>\$ (56,867)</u>	<u>\$ 175,207</u>	<u>\$ 46,445</u>

Centennial Bank Loan – On June 13, 2013, the City entered into a loan agreement with Centennial Bank for \$130,798 for the purpose of purchasing recreational land. This loan is payable over sixty months, with monthly payments of \$2,326, including interest of 2.55%.

Assuming maintenance of the current interest rate, debt service requirements to maturity including interest of \$4,879 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	
2015	\$ 27,915
2016	27,915
2017	27,915
2018	20,722
	<u>\$ 104,467</u>

Centennial Bank Loan – On December 27, 2013, the City entered into a loan agreement with Centennial Bank for \$26,497 for the purpose of purchasing a passenger van to be used by the street department. This loan is payable over sixty months, with monthly payments of \$499, including interest of 4.940%. Assuming maintenance of the current interest rate, debt service requirements to maturity including interest of \$2,686 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	
2015	\$ 5,992
2016	5,992
2017	5,992
2018	5,992
2019	1,498
	<u>\$ 25,466</u>

Centennial Bank Loan – On May 30, 2014, the City entered into a loan agreement with Centennial Bank for 35,000 for the purpose of purchasing recreational land on Lake Alice. This loan is

payable over forty-eight months, with monthly payments of \$769, including interest of 2.550%. Assuming maintenance of the current interest rate, debt service requirements to maturity including interest of \$1,677 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	
<u>2015</u>	\$ 9,229
2016	9,229
2017	9,229
2018	6,922
	<u>\$ 34,609</u>

Business-type Activities

- A. State Revolving Loan (SRL) –** On February 20, 2013 the City obtained a loan from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection in the amount of \$2,115,000 under the State Revolving Loan Program. The proceeds were used for the purpose of upgrading and expanding the wastewater treatment plant. \$2,114,411 has been drawn to date under this loan. Subsequent to year end, on February 5, 2015, the City entered into an amendment with the Department of Environmental Protection amending the agreement to reduce the loan to \$2,114,411, and reduce the amount of the future grant amount to \$1,678,412. The total due including a service fee of \$42,288 and capitalized interest of \$16,465 is \$2,173,164. Per the terms of the agreement, the grant funds will be used to pay down the amount of the loan in one lump sum payment. The remaining balance of \$494,752 will be paid in 40 semi-annual payments of \$14,309, including interest of 1.25% beginning on February 15, 2015. Debt service payments to maturity including interest of \$61, 092, is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	
<u>2015</u>	\$1,648,207
2016	28,619
2017	28,619
2018	28,619
2019	28,619
2020-2024	143,095
2025-2029	143,095
2030-2034	143,095
	<u>\$2,191,968</u>

- B. State Revolving Loan (SRL) –** On August 24, 2006, the City obtained a loan from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection in the amount of \$1,166,121, and on April 9, 2009 amended the agreement to decrease the loan amount by \$766,841 to \$399,280 under the State Revolving Loan Program. As of September 30, 2014 the total due was \$318,047, including capitalized interest and service charges. The proceeds were used for the purpose of expansion and upgrade of the wastewater treatment plant and disposal system with a new collection system. The current loan requires 40 semi-annual payments of \$12,653 including interest of 1.96%. The loan is collateralized by net revenues of the utility fund.

Assuming maintenance of the current interest rate, debt service requirements to maturity, including interest of \$10,920 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,		
2015	\$	25,305
2016		25,305
2017		25,305
2018		25,305
2019		25,305
2020-2024		126,526
2025-2029		75,916
	<u>\$</u>	<u>328,967</u>

- C. USDA Rural Development Water and Sewer Revenue Bond, Series 2007-** On February 15, 2007, the City issued \$1,323,980 in revenue bonds to finance the upgrade of the City's water and sewer system. The City pledged the net revenues of the system, certain municipal excise taxes and special assessments to secure payment of the bonds. The bonds bear interest at 4.125% per annum, payable annually on April 1, and mature serially each April 1 in varying amounts with final maturity in 2046. A sinking fund is required to be maintained to accumulate amounts sufficient to pay principal and interest coming due. Also, a renewal and replacement reserve account is required with monthly payments of 1/12 of 10% of the maximum Bond Service Requirement until such time as the funds in the reserve account shall equal the maximum bond service requirements to reach and maintain a fund equal to \$69,980. The City began funding the renewal and replacement reserve accounting during the year ended September 30, 2010.

Debt service requirements to maturity, including interest of \$1,008,818 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,		
2015	\$	68,995
2016		69,211
2017		68,386
2018		68,561
2019		68,695
2020-2024		349,035
2025-2029		346,069
2030-2034		344,708
2035-2039		344,674
2040-2044		344,111
2045-2046		141,353
	<u>\$</u>	<u>2,213,798</u>

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures, including the establishment of specific debt service sinking and reserve accounts. The City is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

Restricted cash account balances relating to the bond issues and notes payable in the proprietary funds as September 30, 2014, are as follows:

	2013 SRF	2008 SRF	2007 Bond Issue	Total
Sinking fund - principal and interest	\$ 50,313	\$ 89,579	\$ 46,995	\$ 186,887
Reserve account	-	-	41,379	41,379
	<u>\$ 50,313</u>	<u>\$ 89,579</u>	<u>\$ 88,374</u>	<u>\$ 228,266</u>

A summary of changes in proprietary long-term debt follows:

	Balance 9/30/2013	Additions	Deductions	Balance 9/30/14	Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities					
Note payable and other liabilities:					
State Revolving Loan	\$ 336,842	\$ -	\$ (18,795)	\$ 318,047	\$ 19,165
State Revolving Loan	350,795	1,780,081	-	2,130,876	1,648,207
Compensated absences	22,247	13,138	(12,768)	22,617	9,047
Bonds payable:					
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds	1,223,980	-	(19,000)	1,204,980	20,000
	<u>\$ 1,933,864</u>	<u>\$ 1,793,219</u>	<u>\$ (50,563)</u>	<u>\$ 3,676,520</u>	<u>\$ 1,696,419</u>

NOTE 10. WATERWORKS SYSTEM BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT

The City issued \$300,000 in waterworks revenue bonds in 1960 to refinance the construction of the City's Water System. The amount of \$51,000 remains outstanding on this bond issue plus accrued interest of \$14,320. The \$51,000 amount of bonds matured in 1975, but the City has been unable to locate the holder, if any, of the bonds.

NOTE 11. INTERLOCAL AGREEMENTS

The City entered into an interlocal agreement in July 2006, with Gulf County, Florida, whereby Gulf County, Florida, assumed responsibility for a period of 25 years for paving, resurfacing and maintenance of all roads within the city limits of the City. As consideration to Gulf County, Florida, the City agreed to waive its rights to receive the six-cent local option gas taxes for a period of 25 years.

A service agreement exists between the City and the Sheriff of Gulf County, Florida, whereby the Sheriff of Gulf County provides daily law enforcement protection within the City. The City pays the Sheriff, through the Board of County Commissioners of Gulf County, the sum of \$2,800 per month in consideration of these services. As additional consideration, law enforcement education funds collected for the City and cash or property forfeited have been assigned to the Sheriff.

The City entered into an interlocal agreement in April 2008, with the Gulf County Board of County Commissioners (the County), whereby by the County assumed responsibility of providing building official services and building inspection services in order to provide the required services to the citizens and builders of the City. As consideration for Gulf County, the City agreed allow the County to collect and retain all revenues derived from building permit fees generated within the City. This agreement shall remain in effect until terminated or modified.

The City entered into an interlocal agreement in October, 2009 with the Gulf County Board of County Commissioners whereby the County levies a one-cent small county surtax and 50 percent of the revenues are utilized for county-wide healthcare with the remaining 50 percent distributed to the County and cities in accordance with Section 218.62, *Florida Statutes*.

NOTE 12. OPERATING LEASES

The City has various operating lease agreements for office related equipment with noncancellable terms. These leases are considered for accounting purposes, to be operating leases. Lease expenditures for the year totaled \$2,300. The future minimum payments under these leases at September 30, 2014 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	
2015	\$ 4,746
2016	3,084
2017	1,223
	<u>\$ 9,053</u>

NOTE 13. RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Employees who have completed the year of service with the City participate in a Money Purchase Pension Plan (a defined contribution plan administered by the Florida League of Cities). Payments amounting to 5% of the gross salaries of each eligible employee are made by the City. During the fiscal years ended September 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012, retirement expense was \$19,038, \$18,295, and \$20,958, respectively. At September 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 the net position in the plan available for participants' benefits were \$531,596, \$464,838, and \$419,160, respectively. 40% vesting occurs after four service years and increase 10% per year thereafter with full vesting occurring upon reaching ten years in the plan. The accounts of non-vested terminated employees are forfeited and can be used to reduce the current year contributions. The liability for future benefit payments remains with the plan, and the City's funding policy is to make contributions equal to annual pension cost incurred. Under the provisions of the retirement plan, a maximum contribution of 25% of an employee's annual pay may be made. Benefits consist of the individual account balances.

NOTE 14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year the City had transactions with related parties. Payments that totaled \$13,009 were made to two businesses owned by a Commission member for building supplies and construction work. Other payments in the amount of \$1,230 were made to a business owned by another Commission member for pest control services. In accordance with City policy, these contracts were awarded based upon competitive bids, with the related parties abstaining from voting on the awards.

NOTE 15. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

At September 30, 2014, the City has an ongoing agreement for engineering services related to the wastewater treatment facility.

There is a contingent liability due to the fact that all possible applicable regulatory audits have not been completed for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. Under provisions of the funding agreements, any eventual expenditure determined to be not in compliance with grant regulations would be subject to repayment by the City. The City's administration believes that all expenditures were significantly in compliance with appropriate grant regulations.

NOTE 16. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, and injury or death on the job of all employees. These risks are primarily covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial or workers' compensation insurance converges for the past three years. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA
GOVERNMENTAL FUND
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$ 326,771	\$ 327,966	\$ 1,195
Other taxes	281,300	311,558	30,258
Intergovernmental	254,872	422,206	167,334
Licenses and permits	11,000	10,751	(249)
Charges for service	22,016	18,162	(3,854)
Interest	1,000	1,967	967
Other fees and miscellaneous	675	7,594	6,919
Total revenues	897,634	1,100,204	202,570
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	340,336	302,328	38,008
Public safety	57,514	55,324	2,190
Transportation	374,402	339,048	35,354
Culture and recreation	56,353	54,723	1,630
Health and welfare	16,850	18,802	(1,952)
Capital outlay			
General government	7,600	-	7,600
Transportation	7,000	26,402	(19,402)
Culture and recreation	13,200	163,911	(150,711)
Debt service			
Principal	30,155	30,763	(608)
Interest	3,161	3,952	(791)
Total expenditures	906,571	995,253	(88,682)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(8,937)	104,951	113,888
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Debt proceeds	-	61,498	61,498
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	61,498	61,498
Net change in fund balance	(8,937)	166,449	175,386
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,261,507	1,261,507	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,252,570	\$ 1,427,956	\$ 175,386

See notes to financial statements.

**CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2014**

I. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

- A. Budgetary information.** The City, in establishing its budgetary data reflected in the financial statements follows the procedures set out in Chapters 166 and 200, *Florida Statutes*. The City prepares a tentative budget, which is used by the City at a public workshop to prepare the budgets for the coming year. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Subsequently, these budgets are legally adopted through the passage of a resolution at an advertised public session. Such actions are recorded in the City's minutes.

The budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The only exception to the GAAP basis is the Enterprise Funds, where depreciation is not budgeted for capital assets, while capital outlay expenditures are budgeted and are reclassified into fixed assets. These are then eliminated from the results of operations for financial reporting purposes in the Enterprise Fund. Estimated beginning fund balances are considered in the budgetary process, but are not included in the financial statements as budgeted revenues.

The annual budget serves as the legal authorization for expenditures. All budget amendments, which change the legally adopted total appropriation for a fund, are approved by the City Commission.

If during the fiscal year, additional revenue becomes available for appropriations in excess of those estimated in the budget, the City Commission, by resolution, may make supplemental appropriations for the year up to the amount of such excess.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to September 1, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public hearings are conducted in August and September to obtain taxpayer comments.
3. Prior to November 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
4. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level; however, the City Commission may, by formal motion, transfer appropriations between departments and may use surplus revenues not appropriated in the budget for any municipal purpose.

5. **Budgets are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental fund types.**

**SINGLE AUDIT
AND
COMPLIANCE SECTION**

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2014

<u>GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE</u>	<u>CFDA #/ CFSA #</u>	<u>Contract Number</u>	<u>Award Amount</u>	<u>Reported in Prior Years</u>	<u>Revenue Received or Recognized</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
Federal Financial Assistance						
Non-major programs						
U.S. Department of the Interior						
Passed through the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission						
Sport Fishing Restoration Program	15.605	10234	\$ 149,993	\$ 13,826	\$ 93,227	\$ 93,227
Total federal awards			<u>\$ 149,993</u>	<u>\$ 13,826</u>	<u>\$ 93,227</u>	<u>\$ 93,227</u>
State Financial Assistance						
Major Programs						
Florida Department of Environmental Protection Agency						
Capitalization Grants for State Revolving Funds: Loan	37.077	WW230200	\$ 2,114,411	\$ 350,523	\$ 1,763,888	\$ 1,763,888
Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission						
Florida Boating Improvement Program	15.605	F12AF00288	44,823	-	35,684	35,684
Total state financial assistance			<u>\$ 2,159,234</u>	<u>\$ 350,523</u>	<u>\$ 1,799,572</u>	<u>\$ 1,799,572</u>

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2014

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying policies and presentation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance of the City of Wewahitchka, Florida, (the "City") have been designed to conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units, including the reporting and compliance requirements of the Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, and the requirements described in the *Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement*.

- **Reporting Entity**

This reporting entity consists of the City of Wewahitchka, Florida. The City includes a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance in the Compliance Section for the purpose of additional analysis.

- **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 40 days after the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

- **Loan Proceeds**

As required by OMB Circular A-133, any federal loan proceeds drawn and expended during the year are included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

- **Required Match**

The Sport Fishing Restoration Program required the grantee to provide a match of 2.59% of the total project cost. The total project cost equaled \$142,737, thereby requiring a match of \$3,697. The City provided a total of \$4,856 in in-kind services fully complying with this requirement.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Mayor and Members
Of the City Commission
City of Wewahitchka, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the business-type activities and each major fund of the City of Wewahitchka, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Wewahitchka, Florida's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 7, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Wewahitchka, Florida's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wewahitchka, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wewahitchka, Florida's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

**Finding 2011-1 (Included in third preceding year)
Financial Statement Preparation**

A system of internal control over financial reporting includes controls over financial statement preparation, including footnote disclosures. While your auditor can assist with the preparation of your financial statements and related footnotes, the financial statements are the responsibility of management. A deficiency exists when the City does not have the expertise necessary to prevent, detect, and correct misstatements. A deficiency in internal control exists in instances where the

Town is not capable of drafting the financial statements and all required footnote disclosures in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Possessing suitable skill, knowledge, or experience to oversee services an auditor provides in assisting with financial statement presentation requires a lower level of technical knowledge than the competence required to prepare the financial statements and disclosures.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE

We agree with this finding. We are a very small government and have used our available resources to employ a competent bookkeeper who maintains excellent accounting records and provides accurate monthly financial reports prepared generally on the cash basis. We likewise have confidence in our audit firm to utilize these records and prepare annual financial statements in the required formats and with all associated note disclosures. Both the Mayor and City Commission review the annual financial reports and have the opportunity to ask the auditor any questions regarding the report prior to its formal presentation. The report is formally presented by the auditor at a scheduled meeting of the City Commission.

At this time, we do not believe it would be a justifiable expense to employ another accountant on either a part-time or full-time basis to prepare the annual financial statements. We thus accept this required disclosure finding and will continue to monitor this situation in the future,.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters - As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Wewahitchka, Florida's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

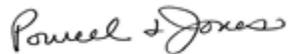
This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the City Commission, the Auditor General of the State of Florida, and federal and state awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Wewahitchka, Florida's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Powell & Jones".

POWELL & JONES
Certified Public Accountants
April 7, 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL, OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Mayor and
City Commission
City of Wewahitchka, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Project

We have audited the compliance of City of Wewahitchka, Florida with the types of compliance requirements described in the State of Florida, *Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance and Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on its major State project for the year ended September 30, 2014. City of Wewahitchka, Florida's major State project is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Management's Responsibility

City of Wewahitchka, Florida's management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major State projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on City of Wewahitchka, Florida's compliance for each major State Project based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General. Those standards and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major State project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Wewahitchka, Florida's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major State Project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Wewahitchka, Florida's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Project

In our opinion, City of Wewahitchka, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major State project for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General.

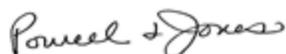
Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of City of Wewahitchka, Florida is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Wewahitchka, Florida's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major State project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major State Project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Wewahitchka, Florida's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State project on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State Project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Pursuant to Chapter 119, *Florida Statutes*, this report is a public record and its distribution is not limited. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to indicate that this report is intended solely for the information and use of City of Wewahitchka, Florida's management, State awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



POWELL & JONES
Certified Public Accountants
April 7, 2015

CITY OF WEWAHITCHKA, FLORIDA

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2014**

Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unqualified
Internal control over financial reporting	
• Material weakness identified?	No
• Reportable condition identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements	No

State Financial Assistance

Internal control over major programs:

• Material weakness identified?	No
• Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unqualified
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Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General?	No
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Identification of major programs:

<u>CSFA Number</u>	<u>Name of State Programs</u>
37.077	Department of Environmental Protection Capitalization Grants for State Revolving Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000
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Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No
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Financial Statement Findings

None

MANAGEMENT LETTER

To The City Commission
City of Wewahitchka, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Wewahitchka, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated April 7, 2015. We have also issued our report on compliance and on internal control over financial reporting. That report should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Additionally our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that certain items be addressed in this letter.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the current year.

AUDITOR GENERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Annual Local Government Financial Report - The Financial Report filed with the Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), *Florida Statutes*, is in agreement with the accompanying financial statements of the City of Wewahitchka, Florida, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014.

Financial Condition Assessment - As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General* (Sections 10.554(7)(c) and 10.556(7)), we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information they provided.

Financial Emergency Status - We determined that the City had not met any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*, that might result in a financial emergency.

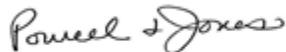
Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules of the Auditor General*, Chapter 10.550.

Rural Economic and Community Development Requirements - We are providing the following additional information relative to our examination of the financial statements of the City of Wewahitchka, Florida, for the year ended September 30, 2014, as provided in the audit requirements for USDA-Rural Development borrowers.

1. Generally accepted auditing procedures were performed in this audit.
2. Internal control was evaluated and is discussed in the prior sections of this audit report.
3. Accounting records and physical control over assets were adequate.
4. The accounting records of the City have been adjusted to agree with the audited financial statements.
5. The City's funds are in institutions insured by the Federal government and are authorized depositories of Florida public funds.
6. A summary of the City's insurance coverage is shown in the annual report to USDA-Rural Development.
7. The City is exempt from Federal Income Tax.
8. We found nothing to indicate that financial compliance with the loan agreements had not occurred.

CONCLUSION

We have reviewed each of our specific findings with appropriate officials or employees and have provided them with documentation as requested. We very much enjoyed the challenges and experiences associated with our audit of the City. We appreciate the helpful assistance and courtesy afforded us by all City employees and look forward to working with you in the future.



POWELL & JONES
Certified Public Accountants
April 7, 2015

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

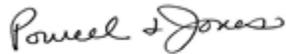
To The City Commission
City of Wewahitchka, Florida

We have examined the City of Wewahitchka, Florida's compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2014. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2014.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City of Wewahitchka, Florida and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



POWELL & JONES
Certified Public Accountants
April 7, 2015

Communication with Those Charged with Governance

To The City Commission
City of Wewahitchka, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Wewahitchka, Florida for the year ended September 30, 2014. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2014. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There are no sensitive estimates affecting the City's financial statements.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. There are no sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. There were no such misstatements identified during our audit.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated April 7, 2015.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of

auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

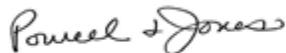
We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

This information is intended solely for the use of the City Commission and management of the City of Wewahitchka, Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,



Powell and Jones
Certified Public Accountants
April 7, 2015